BAHRAIN DEVELOPMENT BANK B.S.C. (c) Risk and Capital Management Disclosures For the period ended 30 June 2022

These disclosures have been prepared in accordance with the Public Disclosure Module ("PD"), CBB Rule Book, Volume I for Conventional banks.

These disclosures have been reviewed by the Bank's external auditors Ernst & Young - Middle East, based on agreed-upon procedures as required under Para PD-A.2.4 of the PD Module.

Risk and Capital Management Disclosures

For the period ended 30 June 2022

1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report has been prepared in accordance with Pillar 3 disclosure requirements prescribed by the Central Bank of Bahrain, herein referred to as "CBB". The report has been designed to provide Bahrain Development Bank B.S.C. (c) ("BDB" or the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group"), stakeholders with detailed information on the Bank's approach in managing capital and risk, having due regard to the operating environment.

The Bank applies the Basel framework in the measurement of its capital adequacy, and in its capital management strategy and risk management framework. CBB's Basel III capital rules and guidelines became effective on 1st January 2015 as the common framework for the implementation of the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision's (Basel Committee) Basel III capital adequacy framework for banks incorporated in the Kingdom of Bahrain.

BDB has adopted the Standardized Approach for Credit Risk, Market Risk and the Basic Indicator Approach for Operational Risk to determine the capital requirement.

The disclosures in this report are in addition to the disclosures set out in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the period ended 30th June 2022 presented in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

2 INTRODUCTION TO THE BASEL III FRAMEWORK

The CBB's capital adequacy framework is based on three pillars consistent with the Basel III framework developed by the Basel Committee, as follows:-

- Pillar 1: calculation of the Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs) and capital requirement.
- Pillar 2: the supervisory review process, including the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP).
- Pillar 3: rules for the disclosure of risk management and capital adequacy information.

CBB CAPITAL ADEQUACY RULES:

CBB minimum required total capital adequacy ratio (including CCB) increased from 12 percent to 12.5 percent, compared to 10.5 percent recommended by the Basel Committee. Moreover, the capital conservation buffer is newly introduced limits and minima by Basel III, such as minimum Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Ratio "CET1" of 9 percent (including CCB) and minimum T1 Capital Ratio of 10.5 percent (including CCB).

The table below summarizes the approaches available for calculating RWAs for each risk type in accordance with the CBB's capital adequacy framework:

Credit Risk	Market Risk	Operational Risk
Standardised	Standardised Approach	Basic Indicator Approach
Approach	Internal Models Approach	Standardised Approach

i) Credit Risk

Credit Risk represents the potential financial loss as a consequence of a customer's inability to honour the terms and conditions of a credit facility. Such risk is measured with respect to counterparties for both onbalance sheet assets and off-balance sheet items. The bank has a robust credit risk management architecture which is explained in greater detail in Note 2 of the consolidated financial statements.

Risk and Capital Management Disclosures

For the period ended 30 June 2022

2 INTRODUCTION TO THE BASEL III FRAMEWORK (continued)

i) Credit Risk (continued)

The Bank does not use any external credit assessment institutions and the risk rating for the exposures are based on the internal credit framework and policy guidelines of the Bank.

For regulatory reporting purposes, BDB is using the Standardised Approach for credit risk.

ii) Market Risk

Market Risk is the risk of potential losses arising from movements in market prices of financial instruments as a result of changes in market rates (such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates).

For the regulatory market risk capital requirement, BDB is using the Standardised Approach for the calculation of regulatory market risk capital.

iii) Operational Risk

Operational Risk is the risk of monetary loss on account of human error, fraud, systems failures or the failure to record transactions. In order to manage and mitigate such risks, the Bank ensures that proper systems and resources (financial and personnel) are available to support the Bank's operations. Proper segregation of duties and other controls (including reconciliation, monitoring and reporting) are implemented to support the various operations and activities.

For the regulatory operational risk capital requirement, BDB is using the Basic Indicator Approach for the calculation of regulatory operational risk capital.

Regulatory Reforms

The Bank is operating as a retail bank with special waivers under a license issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain ("CBB"), with headquarters and branches in Bahrain. The Bank's capital adequacy requirements are computed on a consolidated basis.

3 GROUP STRUCTURE

The Group's financial statements are prepared and published on a full consolidation basis, with all subsidiaries being consolidated in accordance with IFRS. As at 30th June 2022, the Group consists of the Bank and its following subsidiaries:

Country of

Name	incorporation
Bahrain Business Incubator Centre WLL	Kingdom of Bahrain
Al-Waha Venture Capital Fund Company BSC	Kingdom of Bahrain
Neotech WLL	Kingdom of Bahrain
Middle East Corner Consultancy CO. WLL*	Kingdom of Bahrain

^{*} During the six-month period ended 30 June 2022, the Bank liquidated its ownership in Middle East Corner Consultancy Co. W.L.L.

Restrictions on capital and transfer of funds within the Group

Since the Bank's subsidiaries are not regulated financial institutions, there is no regulatory impediment to the transfer of retained earnings to the Bank. However, as a separate legally incorporated entity, the transfer of paid in capital and mandatory reserves would require shareholder action. As the major shareholder (either direct or indirect) in the entity, the Bank has the power to undertake the legal processes for the transfer of such capital. The Bank's subsidiaries are registered and domiciled in Bahrain and there are no exchange controls or other restrictions on the transfer of funds.

Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosures

For the period ended 30 June 2022

(Expressed in Thousands Bahrain Dinars)

4 CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND CAPITAL ADEQUACY

The Bank's regulatory capital base comprises of (a) CET 1 capital which includes share capital, reserves and retained earnings. (b) Tier 2 capital which consist of general loan loss provisions.

Capital structure, minimum capital and capital adequacy

The Bank's paid up capital consists only of ordinary shares and does not have any other type of capital instruments.

The bank's shareholders are Ministry of Finance (89.74%), SIO and Pension Fund (5.13% each).

The Bank's regulatory capital base is as detailed below:

					As at 30 June 2022
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Issued and full paid ordinary shares Legal / Statutory reserve Accumulated losses Other reserves Current period Profit Cumulative fair value changes on FVOCI investing	stments (Debt)				65,000 1,186 (2,525) 4,048 764 (316) (1,123)
Total Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) (A)					67,034
Additional Tier 1 (AT1)					<u> </u>
Total Tier 1 (T1)					67,034
Tier 2 Capital (T2) Expected Credit Losses (ECL)					1,215
Total Tier 2 (T2) (B)					1,215
Total Capital Base (Tier 1 + Tier 2) (C=A+B)					68,249
Capital Requirement for Risk Weighted Exposure	Credit Exposure before credit risk mitigant	Eligible financial collateral	Credit Exposure after risk mitigant	Risk weighted exposure	Capital Requirement at 12.5%
As at 30 June 2022					
Cash items Sovereigns Banks Corporates Past due exposures Investment in securities Holding of Real Estate Others assets	311 95,323 7,005 137,441 15,100 6,796 12,236 7,588	55,649 6,448 - - -	311 95,323 7,005 81,792 8,652 6,796 12,236 7,588	6,854 38,510 9,680 10,588 23,964 7,588	- 857 4,814 1,210 1,324 2,996 949
Total Credit Risk Exposure	281,800	62,097	219,703	97,184	12,150
Market Risk Operational Risk				625 16,694	78 2,087
Total Risk Weighted Assets (D)			_	114,503	14,315
Capital Adequacy Ratio (C)/(D)				59.60%	

Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosures

For the period ended 30 June 2022

(Expressed in Thousands Bahrain Dinars)

5 CREDIT RISK - PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

This section describes BDB's exposure to credit risk, and provides detailed disclosures on credit risk in accordance with the CBB's Basel III framework, in relation to Pillar 3 disclosure requirements.

Definition of exposure classes

The Bank has a diversified funded and unfunded credit exposure. These exposures are classified as standard portfolio per CBB's capital adequacy requirements.

Brief description of applicable standard portfolio is as follows:

a. Claims on sovereigns:

These pertain to exposures to governments and their central banks. Claims on Bahrain and GCC sovereigns are risk weighted at 0%. Claims on all other sovereigns are given a risk weighting of 0% where such claims are denominated and funded in the relevant domestic currency of that sovereign. Claims on sovereigns, other than those mentioned above are risk weighted based on their credit ratings.

b. Investment in securities and sukuk:

Investments in listed equities are risk weighted at 100% while unlisted equities are risk weighted at 150%.

c. Claims on banks:

Claims on banks are risk weighted based on external rating agencies (S&P, Moody's, Fitch and Capital intelligence). Short-term claims on locally incorporated banks are assigned a risk weighting of 20% where such claims on the banks are of an original maturity of three months or less and the claims are denominated and funded in either Bahraini Dinars or US Dollar.

Preferential risk weighting that is one category more favourable than the standard risk weighting is assigned to claims on foreign banks licensed in Bahrain of an original maturity of three months or less denominated and funded in the relevant domestic currency. Such preferential risk weight for short-term claims on banks licensed in other jurisdictions are allowed only if the relevant supervisor also allows this preferential risk weighting to short-term claims

No claim on an unrated bank would receive a risk weight lower than that applied to claims on its sovereign of incorporation.

d. Claims on corporates:

Claims on corporates are risk weighted based on credit ratings. Risk weighting for unrated (corporate) claims are assigned at 100%.

e. Impairment of assets:

The Bank assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a specific financial asset is impaired. A financial asset is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'impairment event') and that impairment event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that the borrower is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that it will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

f. Restructured financing facilities:

Where possible, the Bank seeks to restructure facilities. This may involve extending the payment arrangements and the agreement of new financing facility conditions. Management continuously reviews renegotiated financing facilities to ensure that all criteria are met and that future payments are likely to occur. The financing facilities continue to be subject to impairment assessment, calculated using the facility's original effective interest rate.

Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosures

For the period ended 30 June 2022

(Expressed in Thousands Bahrain Dinars)

5 CREDIT RISK - PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES (continued)

g. Past due exposures:

This includes claims, for which the repayment is overdue for more than 90 days. The risk weighting for such loans is either 100% or 150% that is applied depending on the level of provisions maintained against the assets.

h. Equity Portfolio:

Investment in securities and financial entities are risk weighted at a minimum risk weight of 100% for listed entities or 150% for unlisted entities, unless such investments exceed 10% of the eligible capital of investee entity, in which case they are deducted from the Bank's capital.

i. Other assets:

These are risk weighted at 100%.

j. Holding of real estate:

All other holdings of real estate by banks (i.e. owned directly, subsidiaries or associate companies or other arrangements such as trusts, funds or REITs) are risk-weighted at 200%. Investment in listed real estate companies and investment in unlisted real estate companies are risk-weighted at 300% and 400% respectively. Premises occupied by the Group are risk-weighted at 100%.

k. Related party transactions and balances:

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties include entities over which the Bank exercises significant influence, major shareholders, directors and executive management of the Bank. Such related parties in the ordinary course of business at commercial interest and commission rates (Refer note 15 of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements as at 30 June 2022). All related party transactions are approved by Board of Directors.

Amounts due from related parties are unsecured.

I. Highly leveraged counterparties:

The Bank does not lend to highly leveraged and other high risk counterparties as defined in PD-1-3-24(e).

6 Funded and Unfunded Total Credit Exposure

	Total funded credit exposure	Total un-funded credit exposure	Average quarterly credit exposure
Sovereigns	69,543	25,779	97,032
Banks	247	6,758	8,888
Corporates	135,137	7,007	140,714
Past due exposures	15,100	-	14,137
Other assets and Cash items	4,973	-	4,717
Total credit risk	225,000	39,544	265,488

Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosures

For the period ended 30 June 2022

(Expressed in Thousands Bahrain Dinars)

7 CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK BY INDUSTRY & REGION (EXPOSURES SUBJECT TO RISK WEIGHTING)

					30-Jun-22				
	Government & public sector	Banks and financial institutions	Trading and Manufacturing	Educational Institutions & Healthcare	Hospitality, media and transportation	Fisheries, agriculture & dairy	Food processing	Others	Total
2022									
Assets									
Balances with Central Bank of Bahrain	52,671	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52,671
Balances with banks and other financial institutions	-	247	-	-	-		-	-	247
Islamic financing and loans to customers Investment securities	- - -	-	65,179	6,101	12,804	5,074	2,178	16,707	108,043 59,066
Other assets and Cash items	59,066 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,973	4,973
Total funded credit exposures	111,737	247	65,179	6,101	12,804	5,074	2,178	21,680	225,000
Unfunded credit exposures	25,779	6,758	2,869	43	3	-	1,434	2,658	39,544
Total credit risk *	137,516	7,005	68,048	6,144	12,807	5,074	3,612	24,338	264,544
*All the above exposures are located in Bahrain									
8 CREDIT CONCENTRATION GREATER THAN 15%	INDIVIDUAL OBL	IGOR LIMIT	Г						
Total credit exposures in excess of 15% individual obliga	or limit								30 June 2022
Sovereigns									94,923
9 SEGMENT WISE BREAKDOWN OF NON PERFORI	MING LOANS AN	D IMPAIRM	ENT PROVISI	ON					
						Gross impaired loans	Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit impaired	Charge for the period	Write off
Project finance						26,263	13,867	(220)	
Fisheries and Agriculture						2,704			
						28,967	13,867	(220)	(110)

Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosures

For the period ended 30 June 2022

(Expressed in Thousands Bahrain Dinars)

10 RESIDUAL CONTRACTUAL MATURITY

Maturity analysis of assets

The table below summarises the residual contractual maturity profile of the Group's assets as at 30th June 2022

	Up to 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	5 to 10 years	10 to 20 years	Above 20 years	Total
2022				•	•	•	•	•	•	
Assets										
Balances with Central Bank of Bahrain	3,077	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,077
Placements with banks and other financial institutions	7,246	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,246
Islamic financing and loans to customers	8,126	975	1,477	5,777	18,345	57,708	56,741	1,088	-	150,237
Investment securities	59,066	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59,066
Other assets and Cash items	-	-	5,374	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,374
Total funded credit exposures	77,515	975	6,851	5,777	18,345	57,708	56,741	1,088	-	225,000
Unfunded credit exposures	5,687	1,582	12,662	13,746	24	5,843			-	39,544
Total credit risk	83,202	2,557	19,513	19,523	18,369	63,551	56,741	1,088	-	264,544

Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosures

For the period ended 30 June 2022

(Expressed in Thousands Bahrain Dinars)

11 PAST DUE AND IMPAIRED LOANS (NET) - AGE ANALYSIS

i) By Geographical area

,, _,,,	30 June 2022					
	Three months to one year	One to three years	Over three years	Total		
Bahrain	19,633	1,922	2,159	23,714		
TOTAL	19,633	1,922	2,159	23,714		
ii) By Segment wise						
	Three months to one year	One to three years	Over three years	Total		
Project finance Fisheries and Agriculture	17,772 1,861	1,709 213	1,637 522	21,118 2,596		
TOTAL	19,633	1,922	2,159	23,714		

12 GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION OF IMPAIRMENT PROVISIONS FOR LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS

The Bank and its subsidiaries operate and grant loans/financing facilities locally to Bahrain entities and persons only.

	30-Jun-22
Bahrain Specific impairment provision - Stage 3	13,867
TOTAL	13,867

13 RECONCILIATION OF CHANGES IN EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES

<u> </u>	30 June 2022					
	Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit impaired	Stage 1: 12- month ECL and stage 2 : Lifetime ECL not credit- impaired	Total			
P. 1. 1. 1. 1. 2000	•	•	•			
Balance at 1 January 2022	13,747	1,946	15,693			
Amounts written off during the period	(110)	-	(110)			
Transfers for the period	119	(119)	-			
Charge for the period	450	181	631			
Recoveries during the period	(339)	(306)	(645)			
At 30 June 2022	13,867	1,702	15,569			

Restructured Credit Facilities

The Bank has restructured credit facilities amounting to BD 228 thousands during the period ended 30 June 2022. Restructuring concessions mainly related to deferral of loan installments to assist customers overcome temporary cash crunch situations or to realign the repayment with the borrower's revised cash flow projections.

The above restructuring did not have a significant impact on the present or future earnings and were primarily extensions of the loan/financing tenor.

BAHRAIN DEVELOPMENT BANK B.S.C. (c) Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosures For the period ended 30 June 2022 (Expressed in Thousands Bahrain Dinars)

14 CREDIT RISK MITIGATION

The reduction of the capital requirement attributable to credit risk mitigation is calculated in different ways, depending on the type of credit risk mitigation. The main collaterals taken for risk mitigation on credit exposures are deposits held by customers, residential / commercial property mortgage, investment securities, counterguarantees from other banks, Tamkeen guarantees etc. However, for purposes of capital adequacy computation, only eligible collateral recognized under Basel III is taken into consideration.

15 ELIGIBLE FINANCIAL COLLATERAL AND GUARANTEES

Eligible financial collateral, and guarantees, presented by standard portfolio are as under:

			Credit
			exposure after
	Gross credit	Financial	credit risk
	exposure	collateral	mitigant
As at 30 June 2022			
Sovereigns	95,323	-	95,323
Banks	7,005	-	7,005
Corporates	137,441	55,649	81,792
Past due exposures	15,100	6,448	8,652
Investments in equities/funds	6,796	-	6,796
Holding of real estate	12,236	-	12,236
Other assets and cash items	7,899	-	7,899
	281,800	62,097	219,703

Tamkeen guarantees a percentage of the outstanding balance of Islamic financing in accordance with the agreement between the Bank and Tamkeen. Moreover, agriculture and fisheries loans are guaranteed by the Government of Bahrain.

Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosures

For the period ended 30 June 2022

(Expressed in Thousands Bahrain Dinars)

16 SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS - INTEREST RATE RISK (IRRBB)

Impact on net interest income for the period ended 30 June 2022

	2022
Bahraini Dinar Assets Liabilities	262,128 (190,625)
(+) 200 basis points	9,055
(-) 200 basis points	(9,055)
US Dollar Assets Liabilities	8,262 14,392
(+) 200 basis points	(123)
(-) 200 basis points	123
Kuwaiti Dinar Assets Liabilities	8 (608)
(+) 200 basis points	12
(-) 200 basis points	(12)
Saudi Riyals Assets Liabilities	33 298
(+) 200 basis points	(5)
(-) 200 basis points	5

Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosures

For the period ended 30 June 2022

(Expressed in Thousands Bahrain Dinars)

17 MARKET RISK, INTEREST RATE GAP

Market risk

Market risk is defined as potential adverse changes in the fair value or future cash flows of a trading position or portfolio of financial instruments resulting from the movement of market variables, such as interest rates, currency rates, equity prices and commodity prices, market indices as well as volatilities and correlations between markets. As its primary tool, the Bank measures its market risk exposure using the Standardised Approach under Basel III.

The Bank uses the Standardised Approach for calculating market risk capital charges for the following market risk components:

- · Equity exposure risk
- Interest rate exposure risk
- · Foreign currency exposure risk
- Commodity risk

The Bank's market risk capital charge is largely composed of foreign currency risk arising from the Bank's foreign exchange exposure on investments denominated mainly in Kuwaiti dinars, Saudi riyals and USD, and interest rate risk arising on the bond portfolio. The capital requirement for market risk using the Standardised Approach as at 30 June 2022 was as follows:

	Capital requirements				
	2022	Maximum	Minimum	Average	
Risk Type					
Equity risk capital	-	-	-	-	
Foreign exchange risk capital	50	57	50	54	
Interest rate risk capital	-	-	-	-	
Commodity risk capital	-	-	-	-	

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in the interest rates will affect future profitability or the fair values of the financial instruments. The Bank is exposed to interest rate risks due to mismatches of interest rate repricing on maturity of assets and liabilities. Positions are monitored periodically to ensure that this is maintained within the established limits. The Bank's assets and liabilities reprice only on maturity.

The Bank's interest rate sensitivity position is based on the maturity dates, as follows:

	lle te 1	4 4 2 2	2406	C months	4 40 5	Over E	Non-	
	Up to 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 vears	interest bearing	Total
2022				•	•	•	J	
Assets								
Balances with Central Bank								
of Bahrain	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,077	3,077
Placements with banks and								
other financial institutions	7,246	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,246
Islamic financing and loans	0.400	075	4 477	F	70.050	F7 000		450.007
to customers	8,126	975	1,477	5,777	76,053	57,829	-	150,237
Investment and other assets	59,066		-		-		5,374	64,440
Total assets	74,438	975	1,477	5,777	76,053	57,829	8,451	225,000
Liabilities								
Term loans	-	251	3,242	3,493	17,390	6,931	-	31,307
Deposits	12,108	2,439	148	768	48,635	78,140	-	142,238
Other liabilities		-	-	<u>-</u>		-	4,820	4,820
Total liabilities	12,108	2,690	3,390	4,261	66,025	85,071	4,820	178,365
Net liquidity gap	62,330	(1,715)	(1,913)	1,516	10,028	(27,242)	3,631	46,635

Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosures

For the period ended 30 June 2022

(Expressed in Thousands Bahrain Dinars)

18 EQUITY POSITION IN THE BANKING BOOK

30-Jun-2	30-Jun	-22
Net	Net	Capital
sure	exposure	requirement
7,533	7,533	942
7,533	7,533	942

19 GAINS ON EQUITY INVESTMENTS

2022

- (i) Realised Gains/ Losses in the statement of profit or loss
- (ii) Realised Gains/ Losses in retained earnings
- (iii) Unrealised Gains/ Losses in CET1 Capital

The Bank does not have any equity investments subject to supervisory transition or grandfathering provisions.

20 DERIVATIVES

	Foreign exchange contracts
Notional – Banking book	32,538

21 OPERATIONAL AND LEGAL RISKS

Operational risk is the risk of loss arising from errors that can be made in instructing payments or settling transactions, breakdown in technology and internal control systems. The Bank uses the Basic Indicator Approach under the capital adequacy framework for measuring and managing its operational risk. Currently, the Bank conducts its business from a single location. BDB is a retail bank with some restrictions and accordingly, the number of client relationships and volume of transactions at BDB are moderate on average.

BDB's operations are conducted according to well-defined procedures. These procedures include a comprehensive system of internal controls, including segregation of duties and other internal checks, which are designed to prevent either inadvertent staff errors or malfeasance prior to the release of a transaction. The Bank also engages in subsequent monitoring of accounting records, daily reconciliation of cash and securities accounts and other checks to enable it detect any erroneous or improper transactions which may have occurred. Specific limits are set up to mitigate and monitor the Bank's exposure.

Operational risk is managed by the Operational risk management unit in the Risk management department. The scope of the Internal Audit department encompasses audits and reviews of all business units, support services and branches. The internal audit process focuses primarily on assessing risks and controls and ensuring compliance with established policies, procedures and delegated authorities. Products and services are reviewed by the Internal Audit department and assessed for operational risks. The Internal Audit department is operationally independent and reports significant internal control deficiencies to the Audit Committee.

The Bank has a Business Continuity Plan (BCP) to ensure that the critical activities are supported in case of an emergency. The BCP is approved by the Board of Directors.

Bank's ICAAP limit of 16% has been fixed to absorb any unforeseen event as compared to regulatory capital requirement of 12.5%.

Legal risk is the risk arising from the potential that unenforceable contracts, lawsuits or adverse judgments can disrupt or otherwise negatively affect the operations of the group. The Group has developed controls and procedures to identify legal risks and believes that losses will not be material.

Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosures

For the period ended 30 June 2022

(Expressed in Thousands Bahrain Dinars)

22 FINES & PENALTY

Amount in BHD Actual 2022

Penalty paid to Central Bank of Bahrain

23 Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)

According to LM-11.1.2 under the "Liquidity Risk Management Module" in the CBB Rulebook, The Bank has calculated the Liquidity Coverage Ratio, which is at 1208% as on 30 June 2022.

24 Leverage Ratio (LR)

According to CA-15.5.1 under the "Leverage Ratio & Gearing Requirements" Module in the CBB Rulebook, The Bank has calculated the Leverage Ratio, which is at 25% as on 30 June 2022.

25 Organizational Restructuring

During the six-month period ended 30 June 2022, the Board of Directors has employed the services of an external consultant for recommendations on the Organization Structure, Remuneration Packages and incentive structure.



Composition of capital disclosure requirements As at 30 June 2022



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Step 1: Balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation

This step in not applicable to the Bank since the scope of regulatory consolidation and accounting consolidation is identical.



Step 2: Reconciliation of published financial balance sheet to regulatory reporting as at 30 June 2022

RD 0001-	Balance sheet as in published financial statements	Consolidated PIR data	Reference
BD 000's Assets	Statements		Reference
Cash and balances at central banks	3,388	3,388	
Placements with banks and other financial institutions	7,246	7,248	
Investment securities	66.622	66,622	
Investments in associates	394	394	Α
As at 30 June 2020	67,016	67,016	7.
of which:	01,010	01,010	
Significant investments in capital of financials institutions exceeds the 10% of CET1			
Amount in excess of 10% of CET1 to be deducted			
Amount in excess of 10% of CET1 to be deducted in year 1			
Investment property	10,574	10,574	
Loans and advances	150,237	151,939	
of which: General loan loss provision which qualify as capital	1,702		
Prepayments, accrued income and other assets	5,376	5,393	
Property, plant and equipment	3,120	3,120	
Total assets	246,957	248,678	
Liabilities	,	,	
Deposits from banks and other financial institutions	-	377	
Customer accounts	142,238	141,861	
Term Loans	31,307	31,307	
Repurchase agreements and other similar secured borrowing			
Derivative financial instruments			
Accruals, deferred income and other liabilities	4,820	4,748	
Total liabilities	178,365	178,293	
Shareholders' Equity			
Paid-in share capital	65,000	65,000	
Shares under employee share incentive scheme			
Total share capital	65,000	65,000	
of which amount eligible for CET1	-	65,000	C
of which amount eligible for AT1	-	ī	
Accumulated losses	(1,661)	(1,761)	
Statutory reserve	1,186	1,186	
Other Reserve	4,048	4,048	
General reserve			
Share premium			
Donations and charity reserve			
General loan loss provision which qualify as capital		1,793	В
Available for sale revaluation reserve	(316)	(316)	
Share of Available for sale revaluation reserve relating to associates not considered for regulatory capital			
Minority interest in subsidiaries' share capital	335	435	
Total shareholders' equity	68,592	70,385	
Total liabilities & Shareholders' Equity	246,957	248.678	



Step 3: Composition of Capital Common Template as at 30 June 2022

	Composition of Capital and mapping to regulatory reports	Component of regulatory capital	Source based on reference numbers / letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation from step 2
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves		
1	Directly issued qualifying common share capital (and equivalent for non-joint stock companies) plus related stock surplus	65,000	С
2	Accumulated losses	(1,761)	
_	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	4,918	
	Not Applicable	-	
5	Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)	-	
6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	68,157	
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments		
	Prudential valuation adjustments	-	
	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)		
9	Other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	1,123	
10	Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	
	Cash-flow hedge reserve Shortfall of provisions to expected losses	-	
	Shortiall of provisions to expected losses Securitisation gain on sale (as set out in paragraph 562 of Basel II framework)	-	
	Not applicable.	-	
	Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	-	
16	Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	-	
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity	-	
18	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
19	Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
20	Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold)	-	
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	-	
	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	-	
	of which: significant investments in the common stock of financials	-	
	of which: mortgage servicing rights of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	-	
	National specific regulatory adjustments	-	
	REGULATORY ADJUSTMENTS APPLIED TO COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 IN RESPECT OF AMOUNTS SUBJECT TO PRE-2015 TREATMENT	-	
27	Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions	-	
	Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1	-	
29	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1)	67,034	
30	Additional Tier 1 capital: instruments Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus	-	
	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards	-	
	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards	-	
	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Additional Tier 1 Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by	-	
34	third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	-	
	Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	-	
	Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments	-	
	Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments	-	
39	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory	-	
40	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	-	
41	National specific regulatory adjustments REGULATORY ADJUSTMENTS APPLIED TO ADDITIONAL TIER 1 IN RESPECT OF AMOUNTS SUBJECT	-	
-	TO PRE-2015 TREATMENT	_	
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions	-	

43 Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	-	
44 Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1)	-	
45 Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1)	67,034	



Step 3: Composition of Capital Common Template as at 30 June 2022

	Composition of Capital and mapping to regulatory reports	Component of regulatory capital	Source based on reference numbers / letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation from step 2
	Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions		
	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments plus related stock surplus	-	
48	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2 Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group Tier 2)	-	
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	-	
	Provisions	1,215	
	Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	1,215	
	Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments		
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments	-	
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments	-	
54	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold)	-	
55	regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	-	
56	National specific regulatory adjustments REGULATORY ADJUSTMENTS APPLIED TO TIER 2 IN RESPECT OF AMOUNTS SUBJECT TO PRE-2015 TREATMENT	-	
	OF WHICH: [INSERT NAME OF ADJUSTMENT]	-	
	OF WHICH:	-	
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	-	
58	Tier 2 capital (T2)	1,215	
59	Total capital (TC = T1 + T2)	68,249	
	RISK WEIGHTED ASSETS IN RESPECT OF AMOUNTS SUBJECT TO PRE-2015 TREATMENT		
60	Total risk weighted assets	114,503	
	Capital ratios		
61	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	58.54%	
	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	58.54%	
63	Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	59.60%	
	Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement plus capital conservation buffer plus countercyclical buffer requirements plus D-SIB buffer requirement expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	9.00%	
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	2.50%	
66	of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement (N/A)	0.00%	
67	of which: D-SIB buffer requirement (N/A)	0.00%	
68	Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	58.54%	
	National minima including CCB (if different from Basel 3)		
69	CBB Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio	9.00%	
	CBB Tier 1 minimum ratio	11.00%	
71	CBB total capital minimum ratio	12.50%	
	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)		
	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financials	3,374	
	Significant investments in the common stock of financials	394	A
	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	-	
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	
	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2		
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)	1,793	В
	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach (1.25% of Credit Risk weighted Assets)	1,215	
	NA NA	-	
19		-	
	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements		
80	(only applicable between 1 Jan 2020 and 1 Jan 2024)	_	
	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	-	
82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	-	
	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	-	
	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	-	
	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities	-	
- 55	and the state of t		

Disclosure template for main feature of regulatory capital instruments

1	Issuer	Bahrain Development Bank BSC
2	Unique identifier (Bahrain Bourse ticker)	BDB
	1	All applicable laws and regulations
3	Governing law of the instrument	of the Kingdom of Bahrain
	Regulatory treatment	
4	Transitional CBB rules	Common Equity Tier 1
5	Post-transitional CBB rules	Common Equity Tier 1
6	Eligible at solo/group/group & solo	Group
7	Instrument Type	Common Equity shares
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (currency in Millions, as of most recent reporting date)	65,000.00
9	As at 31 December 2021	BD1.00
10	Accounting classification	Shareholders' Equity
11	Original date of issuance	Not Applicable
12	Perpetual or dated	Not Applicable
13	Original maturity date	Not Applicable
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Not Applicable
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not Applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not Applicable
	Coupons / dividends	Not Applicable
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Not Applicable
18	Coupon rate and any related index	Not Applicable
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	Not Applicable
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Not Applicable
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	Not Applicable
22	Non-cumulative or cumulative	Not Applicable
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Not Applicable
24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable
30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Not Applicable
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	Not Applicable
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable